



# Evaluating Extractables and Leachables from Purification Resins in Biopharmaceutical Manufacturing

## Introduction

In the production of biopharmaceuticals, purification resins are widely used during downstream processing to ensure the drug product is free from undesired impurities. Purification resins risk releasing process-equipment related leachables (PERLS) into drug products, impacting efficacy and safety of the drug product by:

- Binding to active sites
- Protein denaturation
- Direct patient exposure



**Aim: Develop a protocol for the detection and quantification of extractables from purification**

## Materials and Method

Four purification resins extracted, in solvents listed figure 1, these bracketed the polarities and pH of media used in purification stages. See table 1 for conditions, techniques and interpretation information of method.

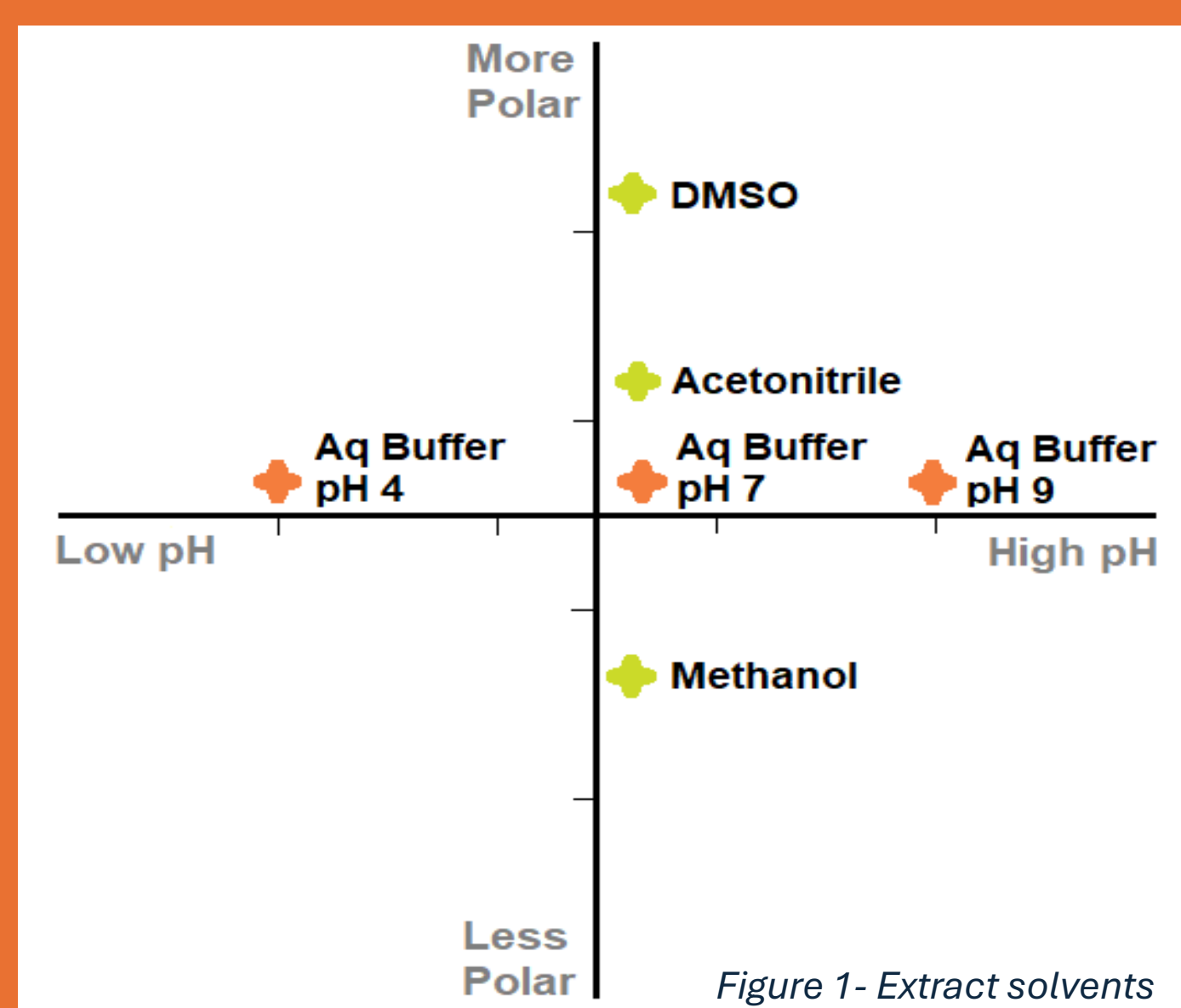


Figure 1 - Extract solvents

Table 1 - Methodology

Extraction Conditions (as per ISO10993-12, 2021)	72 hours (±2h) at 50°C (±2°C)
	Solvents listed figure 1
Analytical Techniques	HR-LC-MS
	GC-MS
Data Review Interpretation	ICP-MS
	Organics identified against matched standards and NIST/in-house libraries
	Semi quantification against surrogate reference materials
	Inorganics identified and quantified against target elements

## Results

- Range of organic and inorganic extractables were detected.
- Majority of PERLS were observed in organic solvents. extracts, representing worst-case conditions.
- Key organic species are listed in figure 2, example chromatograms in figure 3.
- Inorganic analysis showed presence of Fe and Al in one resin sample.

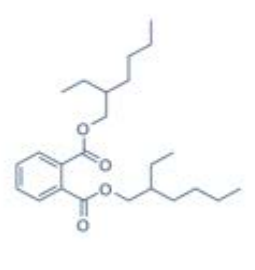
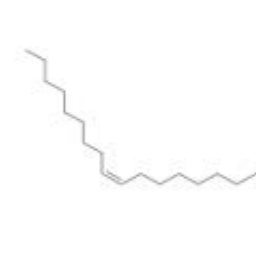
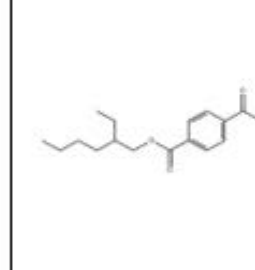
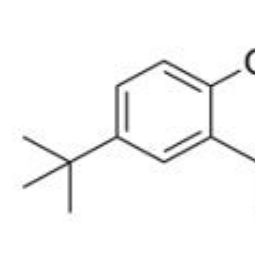
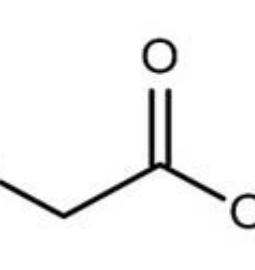
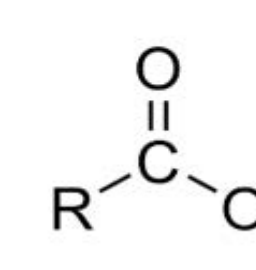
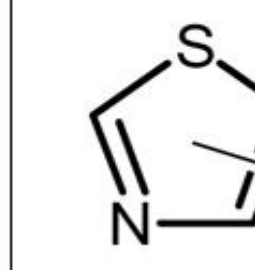
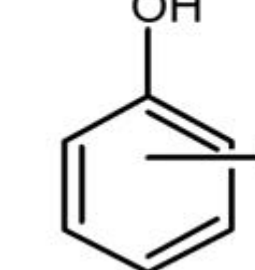
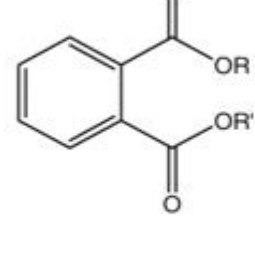
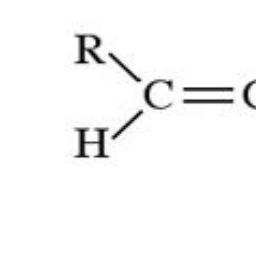
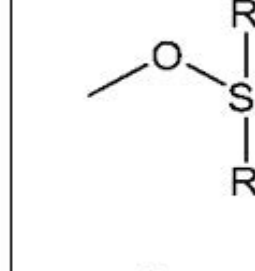
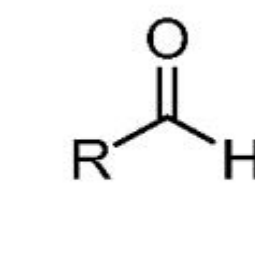
Key Species			
 Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	 Erucamide	 Dioctyl terephthalate	 2,4-Di-tert-butylphenol
Classes			
 Fatty Acids	 Esters	 Thiazoles	 Phenols
 Phthalates	 Alkenes	 Siloxanes	 Aldehydes

Figure 2 – Key Species/ Classes Detected in Purification Resin Samples

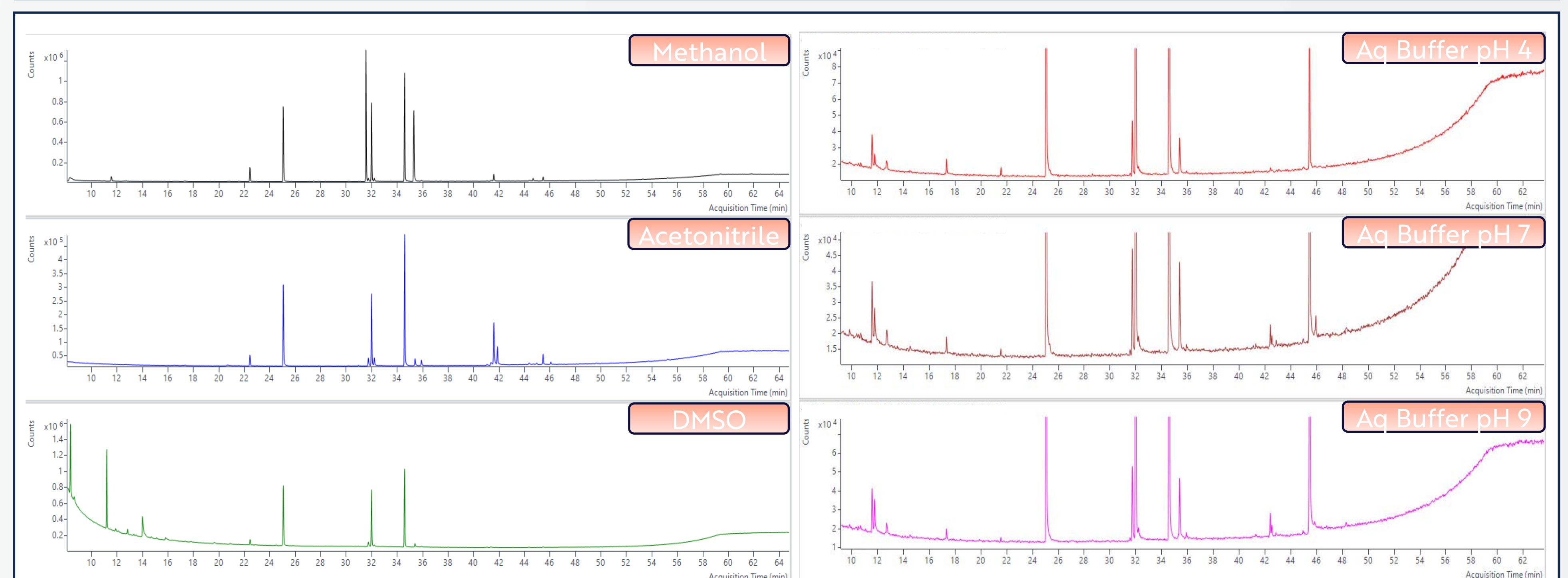


Figure 3 – GC-MS Chromatograms Representative Purification Resin

## Resolian Analytical Sciences

- ✓ Extractables and Leachables (E&L) profile impurities from pharmaceutical and healthcare applications.
- ✓ E&L assessments are in accordance with latest regulations and utilise organic and inorganic screening alongside diverse sample preparation techniques

## Conclusions

- ✓ Analytical protocol for assessment of PERLS from purification resins was successfully developed.
- ✓ Number of organic and inorganic PERLS were detected in four commercially available resins.
- ✓ The protocol can be used to assess compatibility of resins to downstream manufacturing processes and to evaluate risk to final drug product integrity.

### Further work

- Monitor target PERLS in a drug product.
- Investigate impact on the efficacy of drug product due to interaction of PERLS with biopharmaceuticals.

### References

International Organization for Standardization. (2021). ISO 10993-12:2021 - Biological evaluation of medical devices – Part 12: Sample preparation and reference materials. ISO. <https://www.iso.org/standard/79576.html>